

# 1 Problem

Yes, there ~~are~~<sup>is</sup> a two-digit number that is divisible by 5 other two-digit numbers.

Example for this is:

60, 10, 20, 30, 15 and 12

$$60 : 10,$$

$$60 : 15$$

$$60 : 20,$$

$$60 : 12$$

$$60 : 30,$$

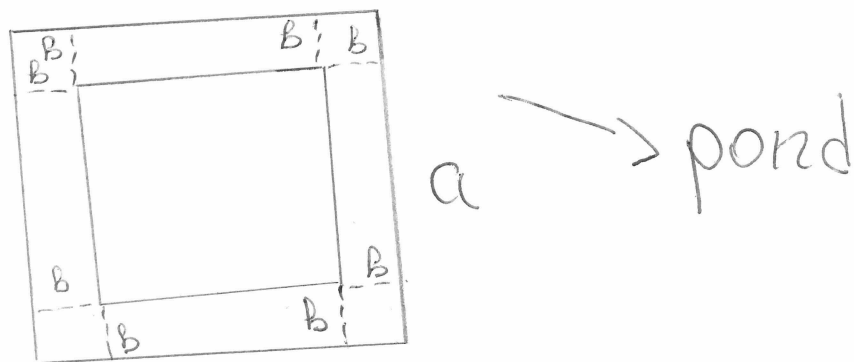
so the answer is

"yes".

"

Answer: Yes, it can.

## 2 Problem



Let's "a" is the <sup>length of the</sup> side of the pond. After the first day <sup>the</sup> ice ~~is~~ is from the edge "B" meters.  $B < 11$  from the condition.  $100\% - 19\% = 81\%$  is the area of the open water after the first day.

The first day the open water (with noise) decreased by  $19\%$ . This is possible when the ice covered 10 meters away from the edge. The second day the ice can cover 20 metres from the edge.

Then the percent decrease by  $19\% \cdot 2 = 38\%$ . The third day  $\rightarrow 38\% \cdot 2 = 76\%$ .

The fourth day  $\rightarrow 76\% \cdot 2 > 100\%$

$\Rightarrow$  The entire pond will be covered after 4 days. That is possible if we have 10m, 20m, 30m and 40m for the 4 days.

Answer: ~~4~~ days

### 3 Problem.

$10 \cdot 10 = 100$  squares  $1 \times 1$  we have.

If there aren't any cuts the sum of the perimeters of the  $1 \times 1$  squares is:

$$P_{1 \times 1} = 1 \cdot 4 = 4$$

$$P_{\text{all}} = 100 \cdot 4 = 400$$

But  $400 = 398 + 2$  ~~and~~ and  $400 > 398$

So after the cut we must have 2 sides less. We can do that only if after the cuts we have 1 rectangle  $1 \times 2$  ( $\square \square$ )

and 98 squares  $1 \times 1$  ( $\square$ ).

To calculate the ways we can do that we count how many  $\square \square$  are there in  $10 \times 10$  square. We have

$2 \cdot (9 \cdot 10) = 180$  ways. That is because

on one of the side of the  $10 \times 10$  squares

there are 9 ways for the ~~one side of the~~  $\square \square$ . We have 2 ~~sides~~ sides, so we have  $2 \cdot 90 = 180$  way

"  $90 = 9 \cdot 10$

Answer: 180 ways

